Pent 8% of the tablet.

23. A tablet according to claim 22, wherein the surfactant coating comprises 0.5 to 5

wt % of the tablet.

25. A tablet according to claim 16, wherein the finely-divided cellulose material comprises cellulose particles having a particle size of from 40 μm to 60 μm.

Amendments to the claims are set forth in bracket and underline format in Exhibit A, attached herewith.

REMARKS

Claims 1-17 and 19-27 are pending in this application, with claims 12, 21, 23, and 25 being amended by this Amendment. Applicants have filed concurrently herewith an English translation of Boeck et al. (German Patent No. DE 2 321 693), which was asserted in the February 6, 2002 Office Action.

The Office Action objected to claims 12, 21, 23, and 25 because of informalities; rejected claims 1-9, 11-17, 19-22, and 24-27 under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Wixon (U.S. Patent No. 4,230,590) in view of Fry et al. (U.S. Patent No. 5,360,567); and objected to claims 10 and 23, but indicated that these claims would be allowable if rewritten in independent form.

By this Amendment, Applicants have amended claims 12, 21, 23, and 25 to address the minor informalities noted by the Office Action. In light of these claim amendments, Applicants

respectfully request the reconsideration and withdrawal of the objection to claims 12, 21, 23, and

25. Applicants respectfully traverse the Section 103(a) rejection of claims 1-9, 11-17, 19-22, and

24-27, for the following reasons.

4

With regard to the Section 103(a) rejection of claims 1-7, 11-17, 19-21, and 24-27, the

Office Action readily admitted that Wixon fails to disclose or suggest: (1) a heavy duty detergent

composition in a detergent compact or tablet form; and (2) the cellulose being thermo-

mechanical pulp or chemo-thermo-mechanical pulp. However, the Office Action asserted that

Fry et al. teach a similar heavy duty detergent composition in tablet form, and the equivalency of

celluloses and cellulose derivatives. The Office Action further asserted that it would have been

obvious to combine the teachings of Wixon and Fry et al. because: (1) a tablet does not require

measuring and are thus easier to handle and dispense into the washload, and is more compact

which facilitates more economical storage; and (2) Fry et al. disclose the binder/disintegrant to

be celluloses or cellulose derivatives and pulps are specific cellulose derivatives. Applicants

respectfully disagree with the Examiner's obviousness conclusion.

Wixon fails to disclose a cellulose that is in a compact form and subsequently granulated.

Simply putting soap as "smearing agent" with cellulose through an extruder, as disclosed in

Wixon, will result in a soap that contains cellulose. However, the cellulose will not act as a

disintegrating agent since none of the pressure from the extrusion process will make the cellulose

fibers adhere to each other (i.e., become a compact form). In order for the cellulose to act as a

disintegrating agent it is essential for it to be in compact form. In short, cellulose does not

disintegrate tablets if it is not compacted.

Fry et al. disclose a detergent tablet having a matrix of particles with a particle size

within the range from 200 to 2000 µm. (Abstract). The reference further discloses that the

243758_1.DOC Serial No. 09/380,739

Attorney Docket No. H 4165 (155*332)

- 3 -

matrix of particles, before compaction, are coated with a binder/distintegrant such as celluloses

and cellulose derivatives. (Col. 5, line 43 – col. 6, line 1). Fry et al. also disclose that it would

be "highly advantageous for the binder/disintegrant to coat or envelop the matrix [of] particles,

rather than simply to be mixed with them." (Col. 6, lines 21-23). Like Wixon, there is no

disclosure or suggestion of the particle size of the cellulose of Fry et al., nor of compacting the

cellulose prior to its admixture to the matrix of particles. Furthermore, if the cellulose particles

are to be coated on the matrix of particles, it logically follows that they would be much smaller

than the particle size of the matrix of particles and *not* the same size.

In contrast, claim 1 and claims 2-7 and 11-15, at least by virtue of dependence, recite a

combination of elements, including granules of finely divided cellulose material, wherein the

cellulose material is *compacted* prior to its admixture to the laundry detergent composition and is

present in the compact in the form of compacted granules having a density of from 0.5 to 1.5

g/cm³.

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Further in contrast, claim 16 and claims 17, 19-21, and 24-27, at least by virtue of

dependence, recite a combination of elements, including granules of compacted, finely-divided

cellulose material, said granules having a particle size of from 200 µm to 6000 µm.

In light of the above, Applicants respectfully submit that Wixon and Fry et al., whether

taken alone or in any reasonable combination, fail to disclose or suggest the combination of

elements recited in claims 1-7, 11-17, 19-21, and 24-27, including a compacted cellulose

material. Thus, these claims are not obvious over the combination of Wixon and Fry et al.

Applicants, therefore, respectfully request the reconsideration and withdrawal of the Section

103(a) rejection of claims 1-7, 11-17, 19-21, and 24-27.

In view of the foregoing amendments and remarks, Applicants respectfully request

243758 1.DOC Serial No. 09/380,739

Attorney Docket No. H 4165 (155*332)

- 4 -

reconsideration and withdrawal of this application, and timely allow pending claims 1-17 and 19-

27. Since the claims are now in condition for allowance, Applicants reiterate their request to

have an interference declared between the subject application and U.S. Patent No. 6,051,545, and

any pending continuation or divisional application thereof.

If there are any other fees due in connection with the filing of this response, please charge

the fees to our Deposit Account No. 03-2775. If a fee is required for an extension of time under

37 C.F.R. § 1.136 not accounted for above, such an extension is requested and the fee should

also be charged to our Deposit Account.

Respectfully submitted,

CONNOLLY BOVE LODGE & HUTZ LLP

Dated: January 29, 2003

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243758_1.DOC Serial No. 09/380,739 Attorney Docket No. H 4165 (155*332)

- 5 -

Exhibit A - Amendments to Specification and/or Claims of Serial No. 09/380,739

IN THE CLAIMS:

Please amend claims 12, 21, 23, and 25, as follows:

12. (Twice Amended) Laundry detergent compact according to Claim 1, wherein the

compact has been pressed from a mixture of the pulverulent or granular ingredients with the

finely divided cellulose material in dry or earth-moist [from] form.

21. (Twice Amended) A tablet according to claim 16, wherein the cellulose material

comprises 3 to 6 wt % [by weight] of the tablet.

23. (Twice Amended) A tablet according to claim 22, wherein the surfactant coating

comprises 0.5 to 5 wt % [by weight] of the tablet.

25. (Twice Amended) A tablet according to claim 16, wherein the finely-divided

cellulose material comprises [of] cellulose particles having a particle size of from 40 µm to 60

μm.

243758_1.DOC Serial No. 09/380,739

Attorney Docket No. H 4165 (155*332)

- 1 -